Educating Masses with Augmented Reality

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I. Introduction

The Digital Era Has Brought Many Changes To The Technology And Have Modernized Traditional Techniques And Ushered The Development And Growth Of The Human Race In Terms Of Technological And Scientific Advancements. Smartphones Are Now Replacing The Conventional Wired Systems And Large Cellular Devices Boosting Up The Computing Abilities And Functionalities With A Much Reduced Size Giving It A Touch Of Portability. Improved Computing And Business Capabilities, Global Communication And The Evolution Of Internet Have Brought The Digital World Together In Form Of Smartphones. The Quality Of Learning And Knowledge Has Improved Greatly With The Evolution Of Internet. With The Discovery Of Augmented Reality, The Digital World Found A New Side Towards Advancement. Traditional Learning System Might Give Student An Idea About A Topic Or A Subject In Particular But It Might Hinder Their Perception When It Comes To Abstract, Extinct Or The Objects Which Might Not Be Visible Or Found In Real Life Which Would Make Learning A More Tardious And A Tiresome Process Creating A Lack Of Interest In Most Of The Masses. Moreover, It Turns Out To Be A Difficult Job For Most Of The Students To Learn Through Set Of Books Or Other Conventional Means Due To The Lack Of Interactivity In The World Of Social Media And Other Digital Trends. The Augmented Education Solves These Problems By Placing An Augmented Approach Over The Traditional Approaches And Help Educating Students In A More Interactive Manner And In A More User Friendly Manner Pushing Down The Traditional Approach To A Simple Smartphone Application Making It More Easy For The Students(Even Disabled Students Or Students Suffering From Any Disorder Related To Study) [1] To Learn Things Themselves And Interact With A More User Friendly Interface To Learn Subjects Of Interest.

II. Need

2.1 Motivation

There Are Many Research Going On Text To Scene Conversion System. One Of The Examples Of Text To Scene Conversion System Is PUT System. It Identifies The Spatial Relationship From The Text And Arranges The Objects As Per This Relationship. It Depicts The Natural Language Text In The Form Of PUT(X, Y, P), Where X And Y Are Two Objects And P Is A Spatial Relationship Between Them. Carsim Is A System Which Visualizes And Animates Car Accidents From The Description Of Accident. Scriptviz Is A System Which Depicts The Movie Script Into Graphical Form. And Most Recently Wordsseye, Which Use Large 3D Model Database And By Combining This Models It Generates A 3D Scene. We Have Surveyed Many Text To Scene Conversion Systems To Get The Idea About How Text To Scene Conversion Takes Place And Visualizes A Text In The Form Of Readymade Images Which Is Not An Appropriate Method And Depends On User Selection Of Images, That Should Be Avoided By Using Some Ranking Method. Other Systems Generate A 3D Scene By Combining Different Models, But They Don’t Consider All Aspects. They Only Focus On Visualization Of Mechanics Problem, It Should Consider Other Problems And It Can Be Further Extended For Generating Animation. Wordsseye Focuses On Spatial Relations Of Objects. It Has A Large Database Of 3D Objects Which Also Includes Human And Animal Gestures. It Is Not Able To Depict Actions Of Live Objects

2.2 Basic Concept
The Proposed System Allows The Arrangement Of Objects Spatially In A Given Environment Becomes Tough Due To Changes In Design This Can Be Solved By Developing A Program Which Generates A Scene Of The Given Text. Our Proposed System Takes Raw Text As Input Identifies Misspelled, Incomplete And Non Visualizable Words And Suggests Correction For Such Words To Improve Scene Generation Process. This System Generates Scene For The Corrected Input By Identifying Various Scene Parameters And Also Provides User Interaction To Render Exact Scene Of User’s Choice.

III. Related Work
Augmented Education Is A Augmented Reality Learning Platform For Students And Make It Easy To Interpret Things And Factors, The Basic Flow Of The Idea For Augmented Education Emerges From Two IEEE Approved Papers Which Put Forward The Idea To Impart The Augmented View To The Mainstream Education. Apart From The Motivation That We Mentioned In The Previous Section, These Papers Put Forward A Closer View And A Clear Point Of The Ideas Which Will Be Planned And Implemented In The Project. The IEEE Papers Mentioned Give A Review And A Basic Outline Of The Project Which Provides An Interactive Environment And A More Brief Description Of The Project In The Making.

Thus, The Auducation Is A Product Or The Mashup Of The Two Papers Along With Some Other Features To Add On. Auducation Uses The Cloud Based Feature To Store The Images For The Model And When The Track Points Of The Images Match With The Image On The Cloud, It Creates An Augmented Object Which Then Performs Basic Activities In The Augmented View.

IV. What Is Augmented Reality?
Augmented Reality (AR) Allows Us To View Virtual Objects In A Real World. With The Discovery Of Augmented Reality, It Has Turned Into One Of The Most Trending Technology Across The Globe. Augmented Reality, Being A Much Newer Technology, Is Attracting Masses. Internet Might Be Full Of Generic And Specialized Websites Providing Information From The Amateur To Professional Stuff. Some Of These Websites Provide Education Through Video Tutorials But Not All Of Them Ensure Genuine Content. These Videos, Audio And Other Form Of Resources Tend To Follow The Same Traditional Practices But Just In A Virtual Perspective. The Traditional Concept Or The Way Might Not Fit The Modern Generation And People Living In The Digital World.

Smartphones Can Serve As A Platform To Implement Augmented Reality Which In Turn Requires No Extra Costing For Hardware. Smartphones Have Been Charging The New Generation To The Fullest Usage And Another Billion People Will Be Connected To The Internet Through Smartphones By The Constant Efforts Of Major Tech Giants Like Facebook And Google.
Conventional Educational Means Might Tend To Hinder The Concepts And Ideas Leaving Them Obscured From The Original Idea Behind The Subject. Traditional Theoretical Learning Makes It Difficult For Curious Minds To Quench Their Thirst Of Knowledge. Augmented Reality (AR) Can Pave Down A Way To More Intuitive And Effective Learning Making It Feasible For Students And People Of All Ages To Learn Things In A Quite Easy And Simple Manner Saving Time And Giving Up Faster Results [2]. Educational Institutions Or Schools Can Adopt This Model For Improving Their Teaching And Learning Experience [3]. Students Can Read The Related Subject Content From Paper Along With Interacting With Its Related Content And Information About That Topic In Particular Through Augmented Reality On Their Smartphones. This Enriches The Learning Experience Preserving The Traditional Art Of Reading. Students Can Get The Required Content Related To The Subject Saving Time Rather Than Going With Traditional Approaches Or Searching For The Content From Large Books And Encyclopedias From The Libraries.

V. Proposed System


A. Prerequisites


B. Camera Focussing And Image Tracking

The Camera Focuses On The Targeted Image And The Mobile Application Scans The Image And Takes It As An Input [5]. The Input Image Is Then Compared With The Image Or Images (Depending On The Size Of Database) Present On The Cloud With The Help Of The Track Points. The Track Points Provide An Ease In Comparison For The Input Image And The Existing Database On The Cloud. A Data Connection Is Required To Keep The Application Connected With The Cloud. The Application Then Compares The Input Image With The Processed Image With The Help Of The Track Points Resulting In A Proper Spawn Of Object In Case Where The Track Points Of The Input Image And The Processed Image Match.
C. 3D Model Spawning And Description

The 3D Models Are A Part Of The Mobile Application And Are Stored On The Mobile Itself Rather Than On Cloud To Provide A Faster And Quicker Access To The Resource Pool. It Also Reduces The Cost And Time Overheads Giving Faster Results Even In Conditions Of Poor Data Connectivity. Storing The Models Locally Also Reduces The Cost Incurred By The Service Usage Of Cloud Service Providers (Csps) Even Though It Might Lead To An Increase In The Size Of Application. The Application Would Then Produce A Spawned Object On The Screen Along With A Detailed Description Of The Object Along With A Voice Assistance Feature. An Augmented View Or 3D Model Is Rendered Only If The Image At The Cloud Matches With The Input Image Where The Comparisons Is Made With The Help Of Track Points. If The Track Points Of The Input Image Match With Those Of The Image On The Cloud Then A 3D Model Is Obtained As Output. Otherwise The System Will Not Process An Augmented View And The Camera Continues The Scanning Process Till It Finds The Match To The Input Track Points And Verifies It With Those From The Cloud.

A. Client Server Architecture

Client Server Architecture Basically Refers To A Distributed Application Structure Which Partitions The Tasks Or Process Between The Service Requestor Called As Client And Service Provider Called As Server. The Client Server Communication Takes Place With The Help Of A Communication Channel. For Augmentation, The Internet Connection Stands Out To Be A Communication Channel Providing A Connectivity Between The Application And Server. Proper Measures Must Be Taken In Order To Ensure A Secured Flow Of Data Through The Network. Augmented Education Works On The Client-Server Functionality Where The Mobile Application Is At The Client End And The Vuforia Engine And Cloud Stays On The Server Side.

VI. Result

Our System Presents A Unique Approach To Creating Scenes And Image. Our System Allows A User To Quickly Generate Virtual 3D Environments By Using Natural Language As Input. Starting From A Descriptive Text, Information About Objects And Spatial Relationships Are Gathered And Refined. The Findings Are Used To Link Retrieved Entities To Appropriate Models As Well As Deriving A Directed Graph
Representation Of The Text. With The Aid Of That Digraph, Spatial Relations Between Objects Are Calculated. The Resulting Locations And Models Are Finally Assembled In An Interactive Virtual Environment. Our System Will Be An Aid In Many Cases, Providing Interesting And Surprising Analysis. When Users Want To Control A Illustration More Precisely, They Can Adjust Their Language To Better Specify The Exact Meaning And Graphical Constraints They Conceive. We Believe That The Fast Processing Natural Linguistic Scene Development Systems Will Bring A Natural And Attracting Way For Day To Day Users To Generate Vivid Imaginations And Express Themselves. In Its Current State, Our System Is Only A First Step Toward Our Goal. There Are Several Domains Where The Efficiency Of The System Needs To Be Improved, Such As: Improvements In The Coverage And Robustness Of The Natural Language Processing, Language Input Via Automatic Speech Recognition Rather Than Text; A Larger Inventory Of Objects, Poses, Atomic Rules, And States Of Objects; Mechanisms For Depicting Materials And Textures; Mechanisms For Modifying Geometric And Surface Properties Of Object Parts; Environments, Activities, And Common Knowledge About Them; Shape Deformation And Natural Phenomena.

VII. Conclusion

Augmented Reality And Cloud Computing Are The Future Of Technology And Provide A Portal From Traditional And Conventional Practices To Their Revolution. Auducation Integrates Both Of These Ideas To Create A Platform To Solve The Real World Challenges For Interactive And Digital Learning. The Application Provides An Enhancement To The Learning Experience With Augmented Reality As Compared To The Traditional Idea Of Learning Solely From Book. The Application Made From The Heterogeneous Combination Of The Two Ideas Will Surely Help The Students To Have A Great Digital Learning Experience. Currently AR Technology Is Limited And Generally Needs A Marker Image To Work. But With The Emerging AR Technologies Like SLAM (Simultaneous Location And Mapping) And Other Markerless Technologies Like The Google Project Tango, We Would Like To Incorporate The Above Mentioned Technologies In Our Application. Newer Application Versions Will Add Up The 3D Models And Their Database. Technologies Like Hololens And Other Mixed Reality HMDs Like META Are Using Special Hardware Sensors To Determine The Depth Of The Environment; If We Get A Chance To Use One Of These Technologies Then We Would Like To Develop Application For The Respective HMD.

References